BTEC National Health and Social Care
Extended Certificate

Welcome to Health and Social Care!

Year 13 Health and Social Care 2020-2022

Markbook	Group	Teachers	Current - MTG ?, -1, 0, +1, +2	Average band	Actual - MTG ?, -1, 0, +1, +2	Average band
13D/Hs1	13D/Hs1	Cameron Brooks, Jo...		+0.78		+0.83
		Overall		+0.78		+0.83

X1 students P

X1 student M

X6 students D

X10 students D*

89%

Distinction*/Distinction

What will the class of 2025 get?

1 A Level - Course Details & Structure

Year 12 BTEC National Certificate (210 GLH)		Year 13 BTEC Extended Certificate (150 GLH)	
Unit Details	**Assessment Details**	**Unit Details**	**Assessment Details**
Unit 1 Human Lifespan Development	External 1hr 30min Exam 90 marks (Pass, Merit, Distinction)	Unit 5 Meeting Individual Care and Support Needs	Internal Assignment Based Coursework (Pass, Merit, Distinction)
Unit 2 Working in Health and Social Care	External 1hr 30min Exam 80 marks (Pass, Merit, Distinction)	Unit 14 Physiological Disorders and their Care	Internal Assignment Based Coursework (Pass, Merit, Distinction)

About the Qualification

BTEC is NOT an ‘easy’ option. You can fail a BTEC.

The Pearson BTEC Level 3 Health and Social Care qualifications aim to provide an overview of the sector.

It is for you who are interested in learning about the health and social care sector as part of a balanced study programme.

It is equivalent in size to 1 A level over a 2 year programme. This is is made up of rigorous and robust assessments.

The full 2 year course will enable you to progress to a degree programme chosen from a range of programmes in the health and social care sector.

The qualification is intended to carry **UCAS** points and is recognised by higher education institutions as contributing to meeting admission requirements to many relevant courses.

Rules!

DEADLINES are EVERYTHING! Fail to meet the deadline = FAIL

You only get one go – a resubmission can be requested by your teacher & if agreed you will have up to 15days from having your work back, to submit.
You will not be able to attempt criteria you had not covered in your 1st submission & teachers CANNOT tell you what to include.

Once the assignment brief is given out, teachers are NOT able to give feedback/marking.

Attendance to lessons is vital. Catch up work is all done in your own time.

The use of phones (unless for specific research tasks) is prohibited.

Grading & BTEC Points

INTERNAL UNITS

Unit 14 c/w Yr 13 Unit 1 Exam Yr 12

	Unit size	
	60 GLH	90 GLH
U	0	0
Pass	6	9
Merit	10	15
Distinction	16	24

EXTERNAL UNITS

Unit 5 c/w Yr 13 Unit 2 exam Yr 12

	Unit size	
	90 GLH	120 GLH
U	0	0
Pass	9	12
Merit	15	20
Distinction	24	32

Calculating the Overall Grade

Extended Certificate	
360 GLH	
Grade	Points threshold
U	0
P	36
M	52
D	74
D*	90

Future Careers

Midwifery
Primary School Teacher
Nutritional Therapist
Nursery Nurse
Counsellor
Occupational Therapist
Adult Nurse
Social Worker
Carer
Dietician
Educational Psychologist

Paramedic
Paediatric nurse
Physiotherapist
Youth Worker
District nurse
Palliative Care
Phlebotomist
Domiciliary Carer
Adult Social Worker
GP

The opportunities are endless!

Decisions, Decisions

Case studies

tutor2u

- You will now be given some fictional case studies to look over. Your task is to choose which of these you would fund.

- However, you only have **£6000**, so will have to make decisions about which you think are most deserving.

- You should also be able to justify your decisions – i.e. why did you choose to fund the issues that you did

Decisions, Decisions | Case studies

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- We will read through the case studies together and will do some discussions at the end of each one.

- Once you have made your notes, I would like you to email me your responses. I am interested to see which case study/studies you would give them money to.

- YOU MUST BE ABLE TO GIVE A JUSTIFICATION AS TO WHY YOU HAVE CHOSEN THEM OVER SOMEONE ELSE!

joanne.may@lordgrey.org.uk

Pleases remember to put your name on your work, and title the email, HSC decisions, decisions

Flesh tunnel earlobe operation - **£1800**

Ben is a 21 year old male who has 'flesh tunnel' earlobes. He started stretching them when he was 16 and was in a band, but is now finding it hard to get a job, due to his appearance. He wants an operation to get them fixed, but has been told it will cost £1800, which he can't afford. He says that if he was to get a job, the government would save more money by not having to pay him benefits, than what it would cost them to pay for his operation through the NHS.

Tummy tuck operation - **£6000**

Elle has lost 8 stone over the last two years after being told her weight was putting her at risk of serious illness. However, she has now been left with a lot of excess skin especially around her tummy, which is making her very self-conscious. She has been told that she can have a 'tummy tuck' to remove the excess skin, but that as it is cosmetic surgery, she will have to pay £6000. She claims that nobody warned her this would be a consequence and that as she worked so hard to lose the weight, this should be offered for free.

Tattoo removal - **£800**

Jacob had a tattoo done on his first wedding anniversary but has since split up from his wife Emily. He has a new girlfriend who is insisting on him getting the tattoo removed. However, it will cost £800. Kieran says that people get treated on the NHS for lung cancer even though they chose to smoke, so he should be funded to have his tattoo removed, even though he chose to have it done.

Post-traumatic stress disorder - £1200

Bethany has suffered from PTSD ever since she had a car accident caused by her using her mobile phone while driving. She is now afraid to drive, is having trouble sleeping and often relives the accident in her sleep, causing panic attacks. She has been offered counselling but has been told there is a waiting list of 9 months. Private counselling would cost her £50 an hour and it is likely she will need a session every week for at least 6 months, costing £1200.

Decisions, Decisions | Case studies

IVF treatment - **£4000**

Dylan and Daisy have been trying for a baby for two years. They have had tests which have found that there is as medical reason, and have been told their only hope is IVF treatment. Dylan has a child from a previous relationship and so they do not qualify for NHS funding. They have been told that each attempt will cost £4000 and it may take a number of cycles before it is successful. Even then it is not guaranteed to work. They are both really upset as they are desperate for a baby together.

Prosthetic leg - **£2500**

James had an operation after contracting an infection. The operation which went wrong and led him to have to have his leg amputated above his knee. He was offered a prosthetic leg on the NHS. However, it is uncomfortable to wear and looks unrealistic. James has been told the silicone coated prosthetic costs £2,500 compared to the £750 basic leg offered by the NHS, and his family feel this should be funded by the NHS, especially as they blame the NHS for him losing his leg originally. The consultant has said the hospital cannot afford to pay for the leg, especially as he is likely to need a new leg soon anyway as he is still growing.

Decision time!

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Summer work

Please visit the Year 11 Health and Social Care Transition folder in Virtual School.

There is a compulsory task to complete, and plenty of extension work to keep you busy!